Hybrid 2z88 Traveler

November 3, 1999

1 Connectivity

Repairs on shorts:

Fixes for opens:

2 Chips

The following chips were assembled on this hybrid (in the order that the chips get read out):
Hybrid 2Z88 has die: 057-024 057-025

3 Data Analysis Summary

The following summarizes the findings of the Burn-in data analysis program. The first chip in the readout name is numbered 0.

```
% Hybrid 2z88 classification info. Created 09:55:14 11/03/99

Hybrid 2z88 quality: fair
Chip classification: good fair
Bad channels (chip-channel): 1-90
Bad cells: none
Random bad capacitors (chip-cell-channel): 1-17-90 1-31-90 1-31-91
   1-32-90 1-34-90 1-34-91 1-35-90 1-37-90 1-37-91 1-39-90 1-39-91
   1-4-89 1-4-90 1-4-91 1-41-90 1-41-91 1-5-90
Channels at pedestal needed for DCMS: 31.7 28.2
```

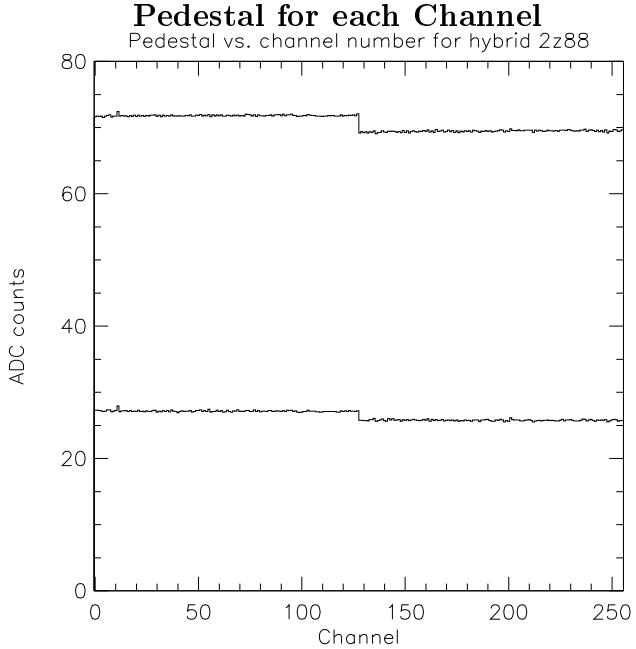
4 Comments

Has 4.7μF digital Caps.

5 Pedestal

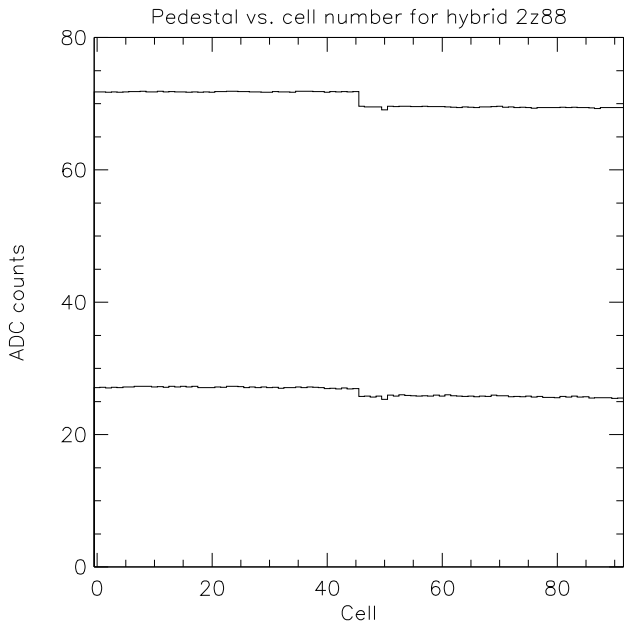
The following plot shows the pedestals vs. channel number with and without charge injection:

Pedestal for each Channel



The following plot shows the average pedestal vs. pipeline cell ID with and without charge injection. The x-axis is cell ID offset by 46 for each chip. Thus cell ID 5 for chip 1 is at x=5, chip 2 at x=51, chip 3 at x=97, etc.

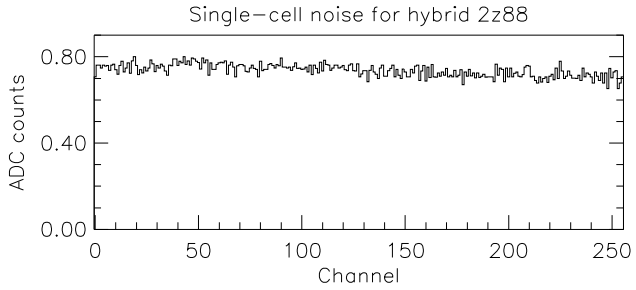
Pedestal vs. Pipeline Cell ID

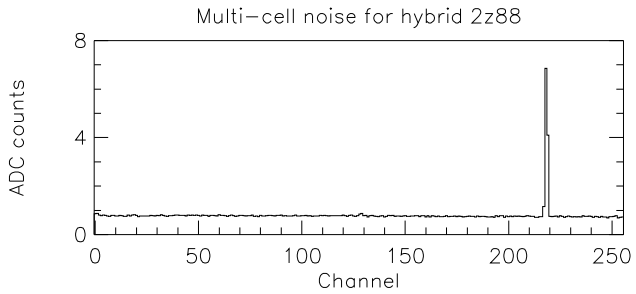


6 Noise

The following plots show the single-cell and multi-cell RMS noise:

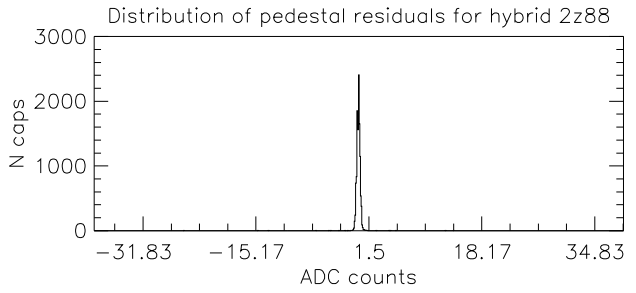
RMS Noise

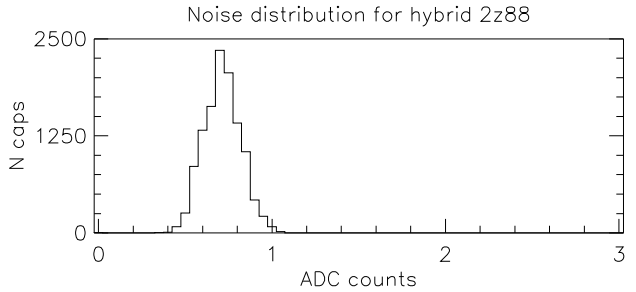




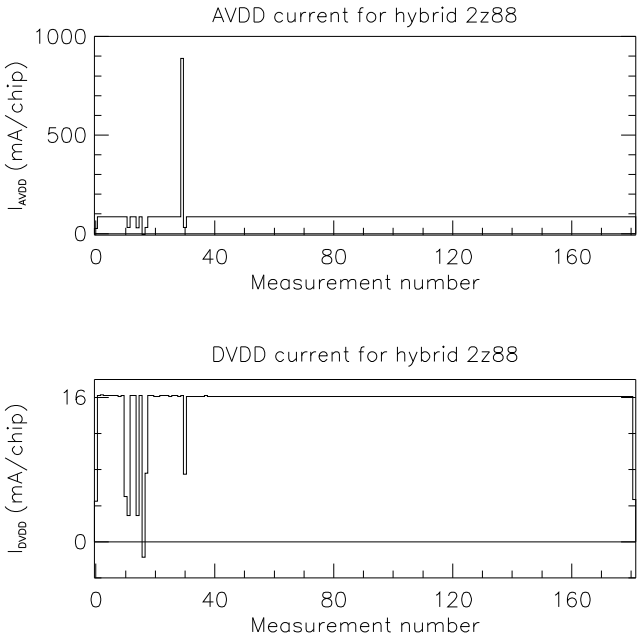
The following are histograms of the pedestal of each pipeline capacitor relative to the chip average (top); and the RMS noise of each capacitor (bottom):

Distribution of Pedestals and Noise





7 Currents

The following plots show the supply currents per chip as a function of measurment number. Currents are measured approximately every 10 minutes:

Supply Currents During Burn-in