Hybrid 7p139 Traveler

May 31, 2000

1 Connectivity

Repairs on shorts:
Fixes for opens: DVB on chip1 w/ wirebond.

2 Chips

The following chips were assembled on this hybrid (in the order that the chips get read out):
Hybrid 7P139 has die: 239-091 239-093 239-095 239-098 239-102 239-103 239-104

3 Data Analysis Summary

The following summarizes the findings of the Burn-in data analysis program. The first chip in the readout name is numbered 0.

```
% Hybrid 7p139 classification info. Created 09:34:00 05/30/00

Hybrid 7p139 quality: fair*
Chip classification: fair* good fair fair fair good good
Bad channels (chip-channel): 0-11 0-106 0-107 0-121 2-76 3-80 4-64
Bad cells: none
Random bad capacitors: none
Channels at pedestal needed for DCMS: 30.6 30.6 28.6 31.7 31.6 29.7 32.6
```

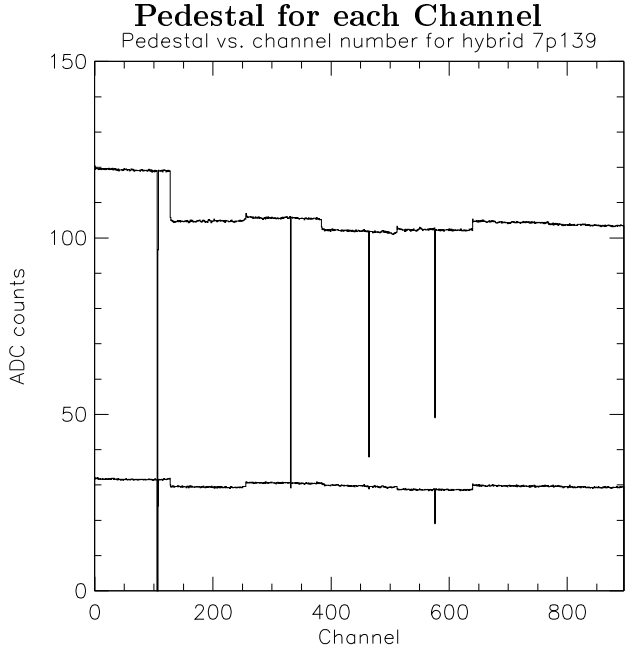
4 Comments

Encapsulated. FE DV finger gold bonds. HV tested. Chip 1 has Vcal offset.

5 Pedestal

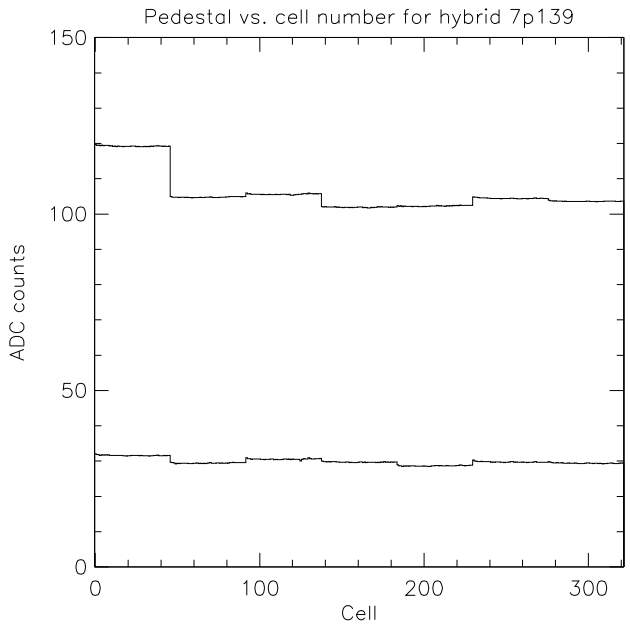
The following plot shows the pedestals vs. channel number with and without charge injection:

Pedestal for each Channel



The following plot shows the average pedestal vs. pipeline cell ID with and without charge injection. The x-axis is cell ID offset by 46 for each chip. Thus cell ID 5 for chip 1 is at x=5, chip 2 at x=51, chip 3 at x=97, etc.

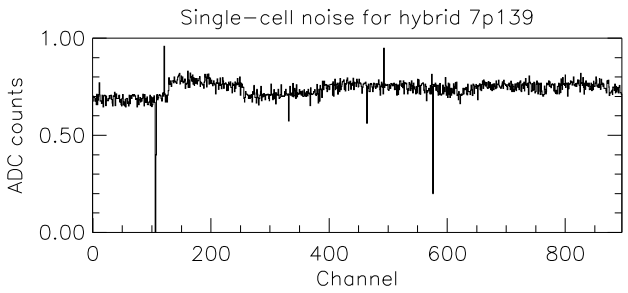
Pedestal vs. Pipeline Cell ID

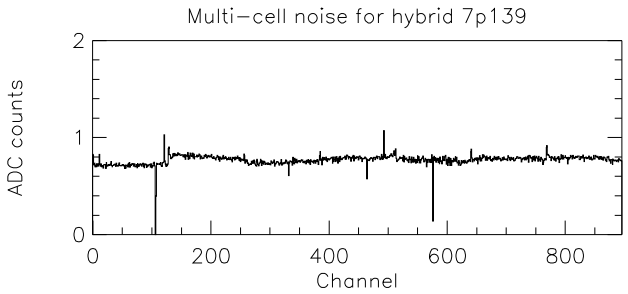


6 Noise

The following plots show the single-cell and multi-cell RMS noise:

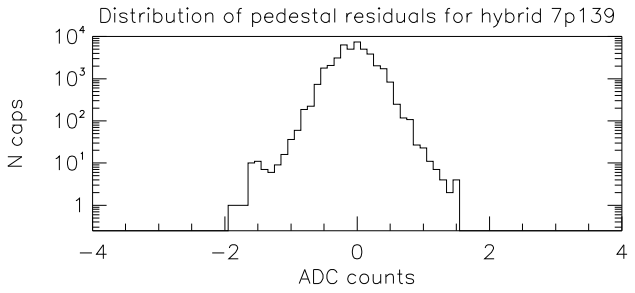
RMS Noise

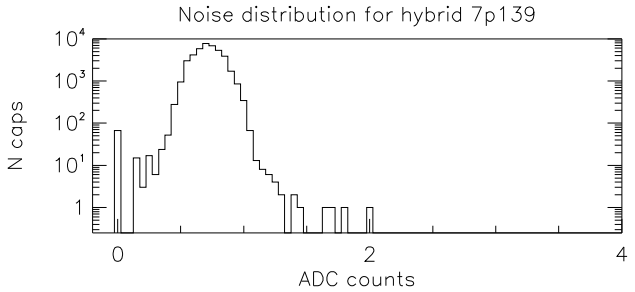




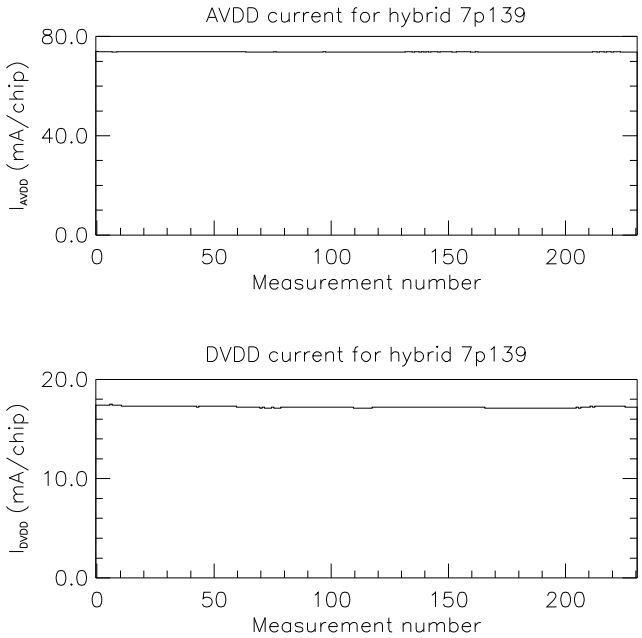
The following are histograms of the pedestal of each pipeline capacitor relative to the chip average (top); and the RMS noise of each capacitor (bottom):

Distribution of Pedestals and Noise





7 Currents

The following plots show the supply currents per chip as a function of measurment number. Currents are measured approximately every 10 minutes:

Supply Currents During Burn-in