Hybrid 8j170 Traveler

January 27, 2000

1 Connectivity

Repairs on shorts:

Fixes for opens:

2 Chips

The following chips were assembled on this hybrid (in the order that the chips get read out):
Hybrid 8J170 has die: 204-083 204-085 204-086 204-087 211-081 211-090 211-096 211-097

3 Data Analysis Summary

The following summarizes the findings of the Burn-in data analysis program. The first chip in the readout name is numbered 0.

```
% Hybrid 8j170 classification info. Created 15:46:12 01/20/00

Hybrid 8j170 quality: fair
Chip classification: good fair good fair fair good fair good
Bad channels (chip-channel): 1-29 4-52 4-121 6-55 6-72
Bad cells: none
Random bad capacitors (chip-cell-channel): 3-1-91 3-18-91 3-5-91
   4-2-43
Channels at pedestal needed for DCMS: 32.6 33.2 34.5 34.1 32.0 31.7 30.7 33.5
```

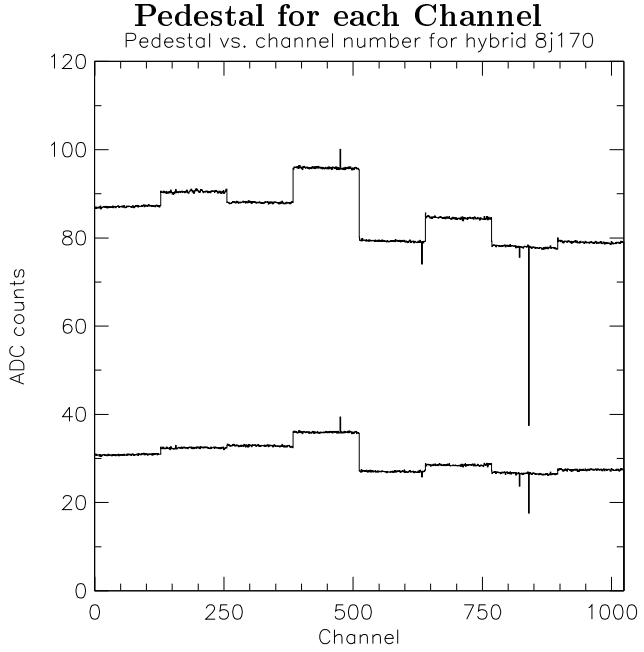
4 Comments

Encapsulated. FE DV finger gold bonds. HV tested.

5 Pedestal

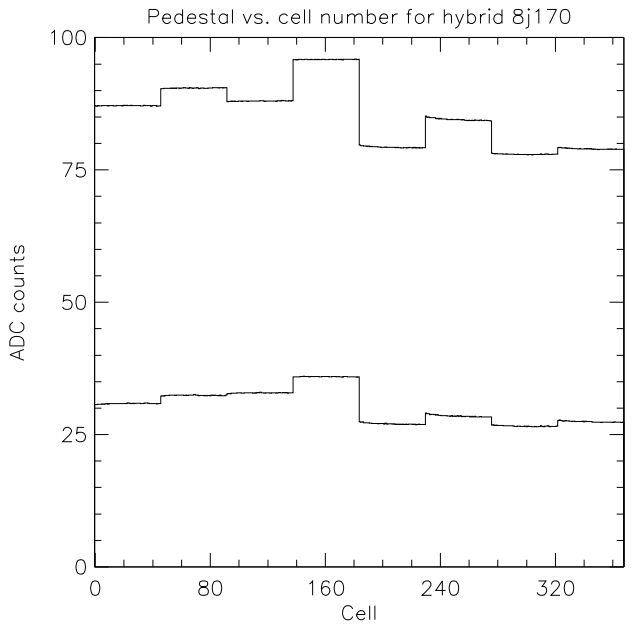
The following plot shows the pedestals vs. channel number with and without charge injection:

Pedestal for each Channel



The following plot shows the average pedestal vs. pipeline cell ID with and without charge injection. The x-axis is cell ID offset by 46 for each chip. Thus cell ID 5 for chip 1 is at x=5, chip 2 at x=51, chip 3 at x=97, etc.

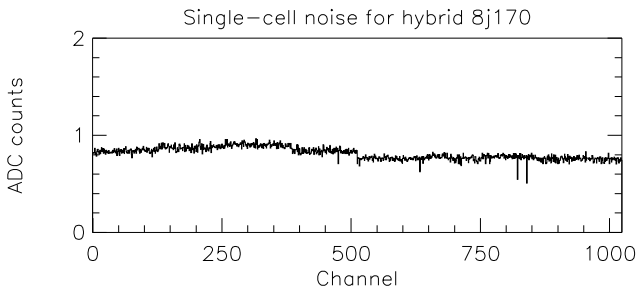
Pedestal vs. Pipeline Cell ID

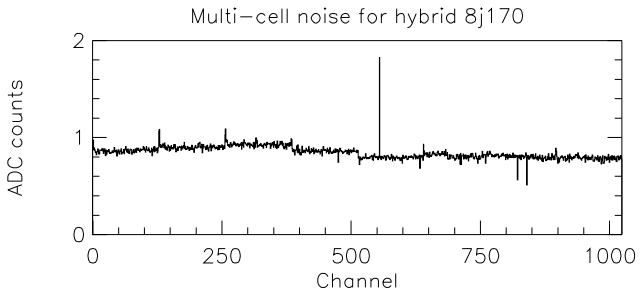


6 Noise

The following plots show the single-cell and multi-cell RMS noise:

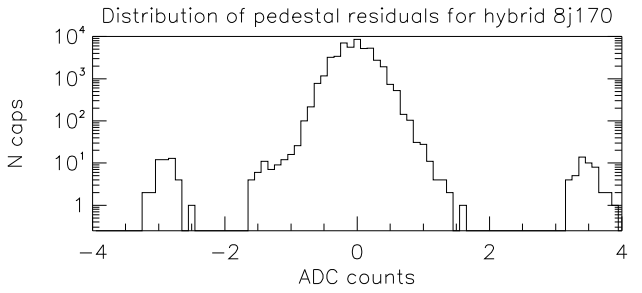
RMS Noise

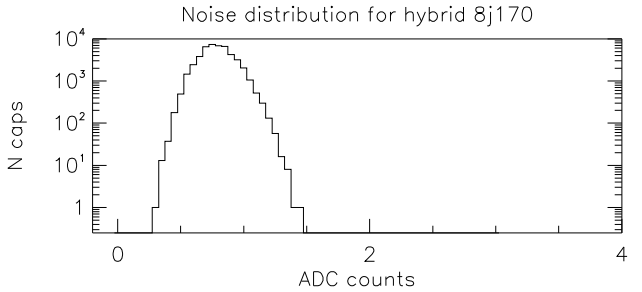




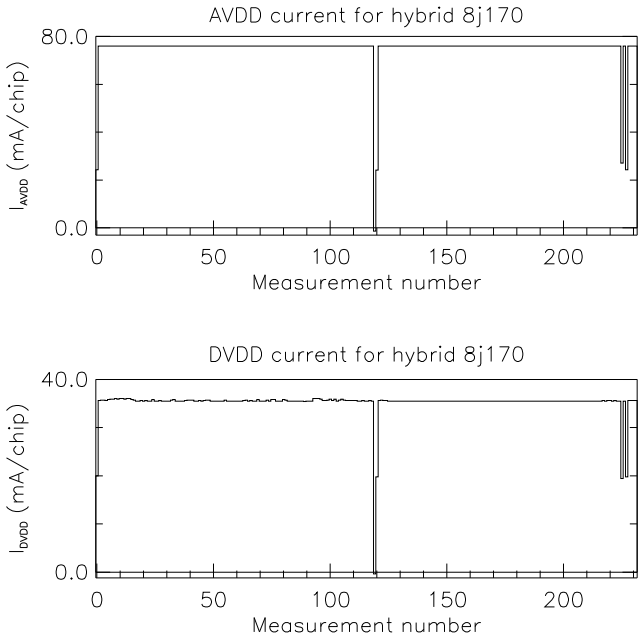
The following are histograms of the pedestal of each pipeline capacitor relative to the chip average (top); and the RMS noise of each capacitor (bottom):

Distribution of Pedestals and Noise





7 Currents

The following plots show the supply currents per chip as a function of measurment number. Currents are measured approximately every 10 minutes:

Supply Currents During Burn-in