Hybrid 8j259 Traveler

February 22, 2000

1 Connectivity

Repairs on shorts:

Fixes for opens:

2 Chips

The following chips were assembled on this hybrid (in the order that the chips get read out):
Hybrid 8J259 has die: 173-086 173-090 173-092 173-093 175-124 175-125 175-126 175-127

3 Data Analysis Summary

The following summarizes the findings of the Burn-in data analysis program. The first chip in the readout name is numbered 0.

```
% Hybrid 8j259 classification info. Created 13:33:08 02/21/00

Hybrid 8j259 quality: bad
Chip classification: good good bad good good good good good
Bad channels (chip-channel): 2-21 2-22 2-42 2-43 2-44 2-45 2-47 2-48 2-49 2-50
Bad cells: none
Random bad capacitors: none
Channels at pedestal needed for DCMS: 33.6 35.6 32.0 31.3 33.6 34.6 34.7 36.6
```

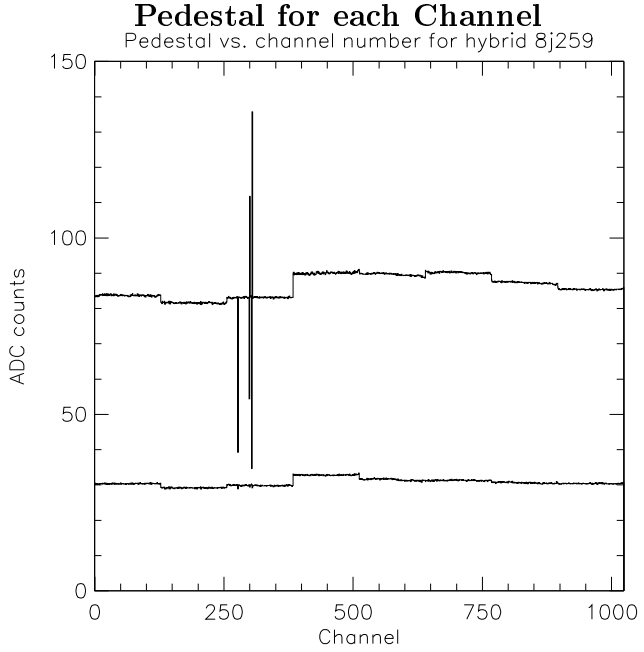
4 Comments

Encapsulated. FE DV finger gold bonds. HV tested.

5 Pedestal

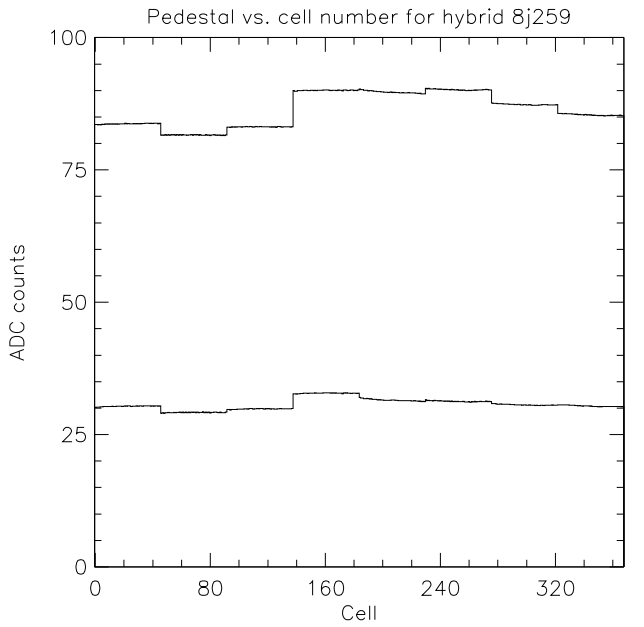
The following plot shows the pedestals vs. channel number with and without charge injection:

Pedestal for each Channel



The following plot shows the average pedestal vs. pipeline cell ID with and without charge injection. The x-axis is cell ID offset by 46 for each chip. Thus cell ID 5 for chip 1 is at x=5, chip 2 at x=51, chip 3 at x=97, etc.

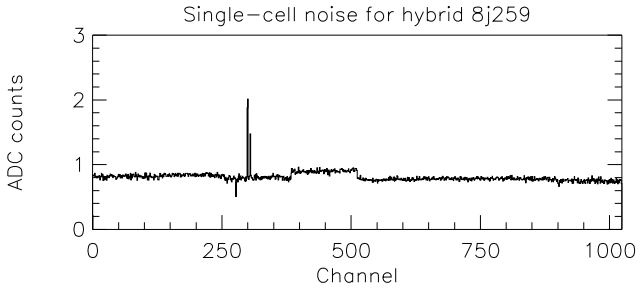
Pedestal vs. Pipeline Cell ID

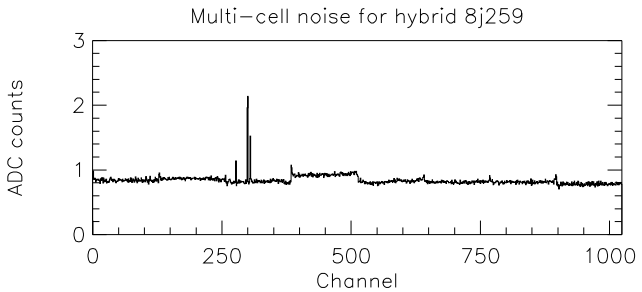


6 Noise

The following plots show the single-cell and multi-cell RMS noise:

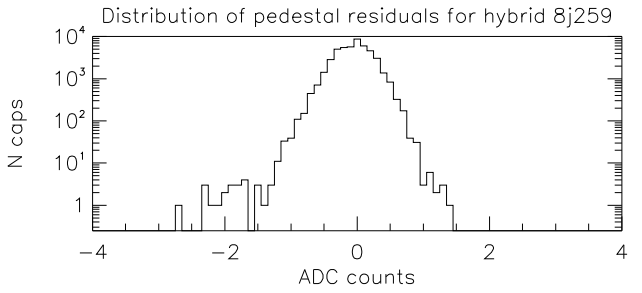
RMS Noise

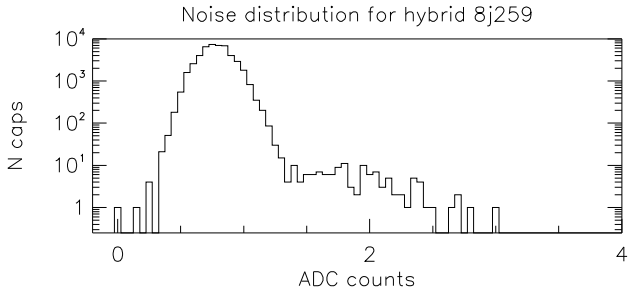




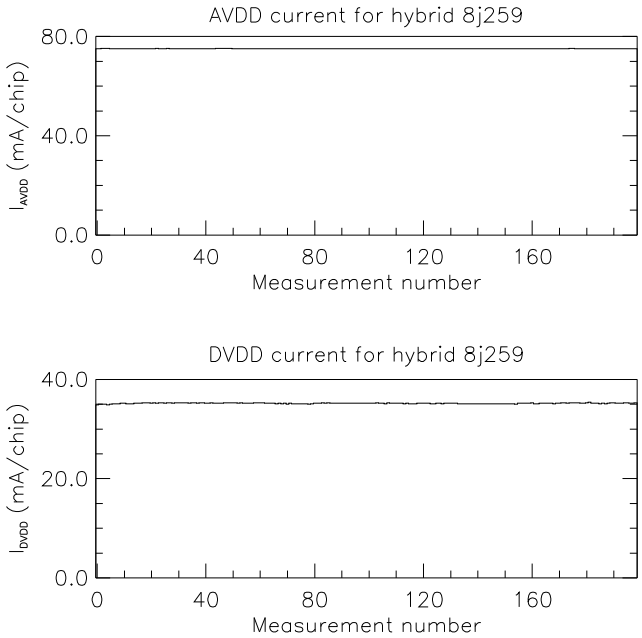
The following are histograms of the pedestal of each pipeline capacitor relative to the chip average (top); and the RMS noise of each capacitor (bottom):

Distribution of Pedestals and Noise





7 Currents

The following plots show the supply currents per chip as a function of measurment number. Currents are measured approximately every 10 minutes:

Supply Currents During Burn-in