Hybrid 8j277 Traveler

February 28, 2000

1 Connectivity

Repairs on shorts:

Fixes for opens:

2 Chips

The following chips were assembled on this hybrid (in the order that the chips get read out):
Hybrid 8J277 has die: 182-124 182-125 182-126 182-127 182-097 182-098 182-099 182-101

3 Data Analysis Summary

The following summarizes the findings of the Burn-in data analysis program. The first chip in the readout name is numbered 0.

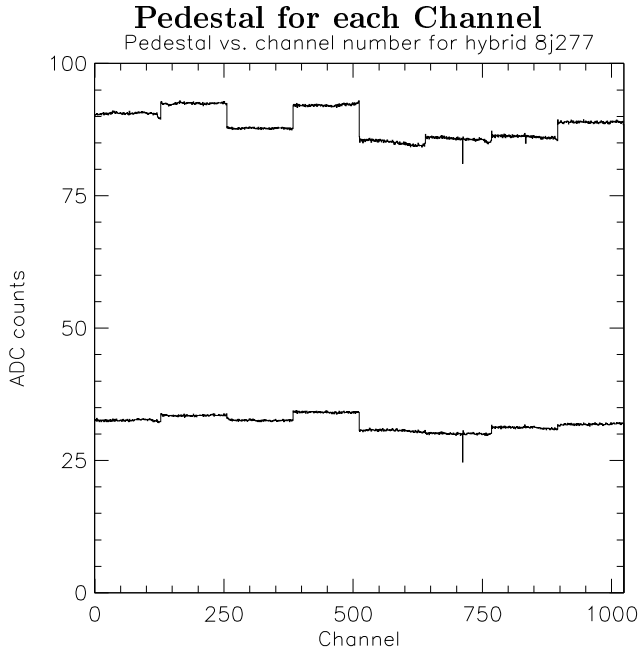
```
% Hybrid 8j277 classification info. Created 09:28:54 02/28/00

Hybrid 8j277 quality: fair
Chip classification: good good good fair fair fair good good
Bad channels (chip-channel): 3-59 5-72
Bad cells: none
Random bad capacitors (chip-cell-channel): 4-41-55 4-44-75 4-45-29
   4-45-47
Channels at pedestal needed for DCMS: 32.6 33.6 35.6 34.6 34.6 33.6 33.6 33.8
```

4 Comments

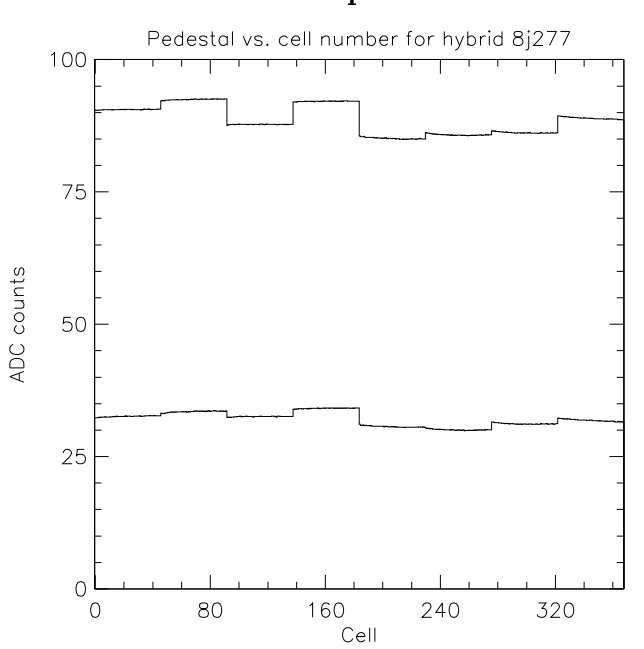
Encapsulated. FE DV finger gold bonds. HV tested.

5 Pedestal

The following plot shows the pedestals vs. channel number with and without charge injection:



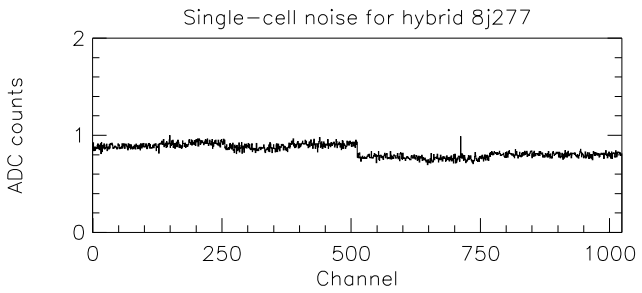
The following plot shows the average pedestal vs. pipeline cell ID with and without charge injection. The x-axis is cell ID offset by 46 for each chip. Thus cell ID 5 for chip 1 is at x=5, chip 2 at x=51, chip 3 at x=97, etc.

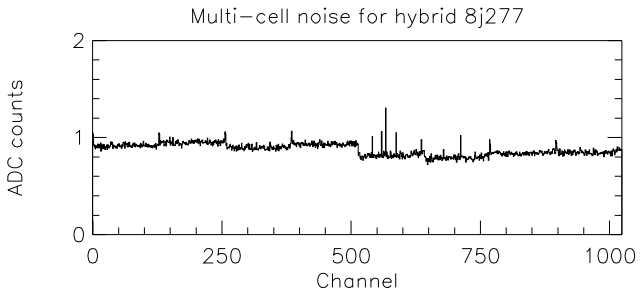


6 Noise

The following plots show the single-cell and multi-cell RMS noise:

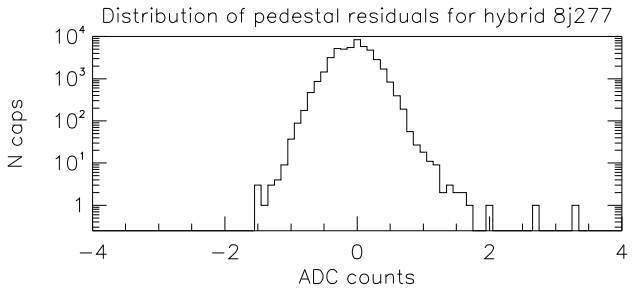
RMS Noise

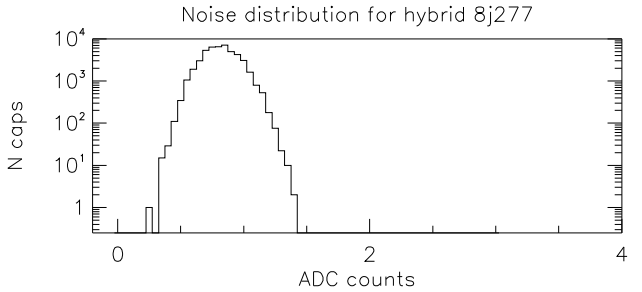




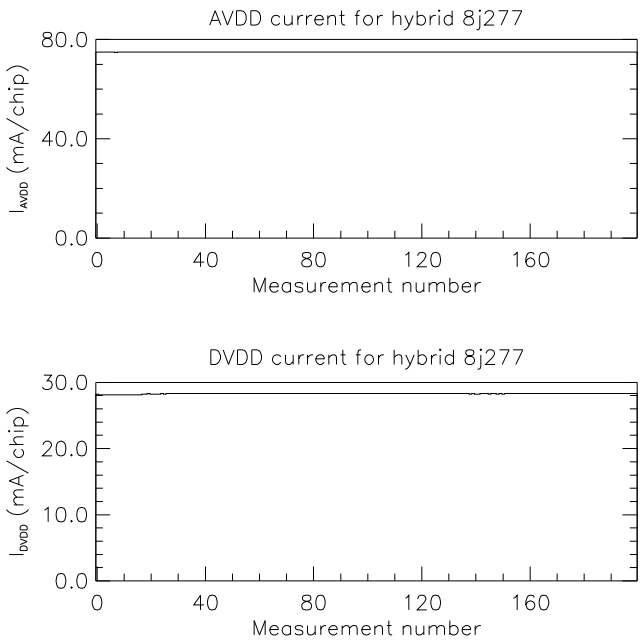
The following are histograms of the pedestal of each pipeline capacitor relative to the chip average (top); and the RMS noise of each capacitor (bottom):

Distribution of Pedestals and Noise





7 Currents

The following plots show the supply currents per chip as a function of measurment number. Currents are measured approximately every 10 minutes:

Supply Currents During Burn-in