Hybrid 8j38 Traveler

January 31, 2000

1 Connectivity

Repairs on shorts:

Fixes for opens:This hybrid had an open through hole connection on PARST. We repaired it with a wire using a free pin on the connector field.

2 Chips

The following chips were assembled on this hybrid (in the order that the chips get read out):
Hybrid 8J38 has die: 033-002 033-005 033-006 033-007 029-019 029-022 029-023 029-024

3 Data Analysis Summary

The following summarizes the findings of the Burn-in data analysis program. The first chip in the readout name is numbered 0.

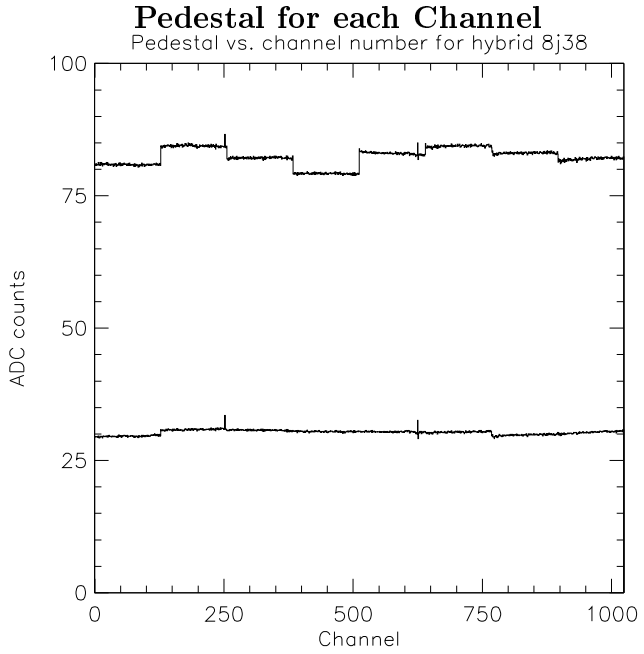
```
% Hybrid 8j38 classification info. Created 10:04:55 01/28/00

Hybrid 8j38 quality: fair
Chip classification: fair good good good good good good good
Bad channels (chip-channel): 0-90
Bad cells: none
Random bad capacitors: none
Channels at pedestal needed for DCMS: 34.5 33.7 34.5 34.6 33.6 32.7 34.6 34.6
```

4 Comments

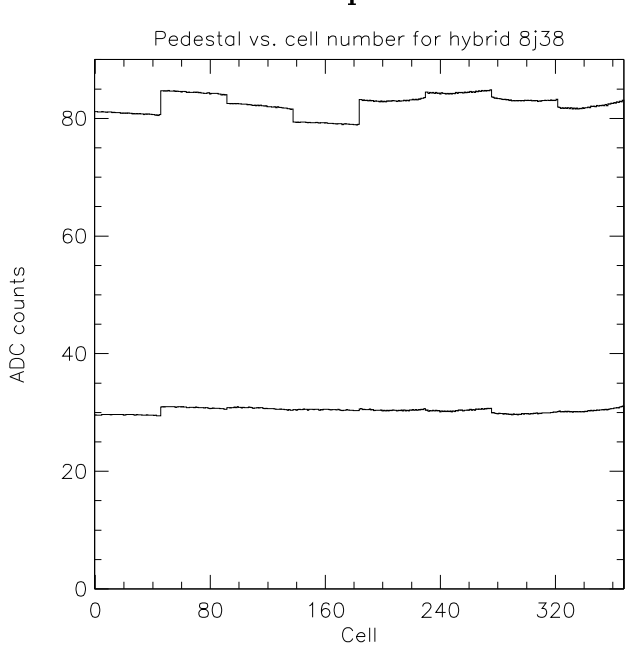
This hybrid had an open through hole connection on PARST. We repaired it with a wire using a free pin on the connector field.

5 Pedestal

The following plot shows the pedestals vs. channel number with and without charge injection:



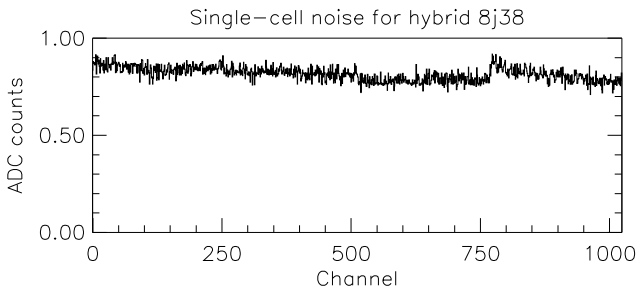
The following plot shows the average pedestal vs. pipeline cell ID with and without charge injection. The x-axis is cell ID offset by 46 for each chip. Thus cell ID 5 for chip 1 is at x=5, chip 2 at x=51, chip 3 at x=97, etc.

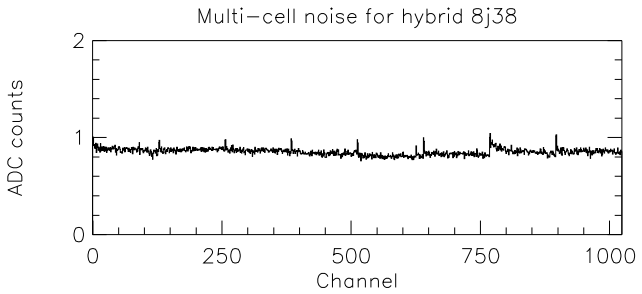


6 Noise

The following plots show the single-cell and multi-cell RMS noise:

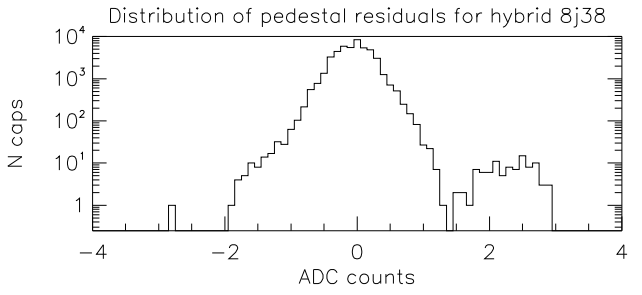
RMS Noise

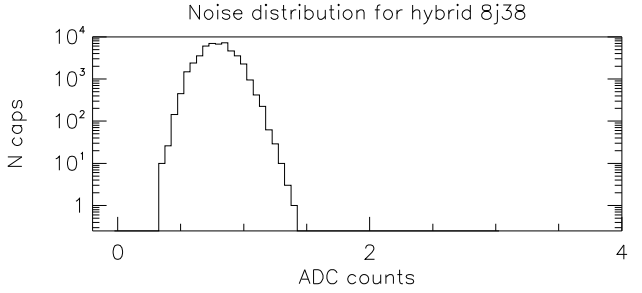




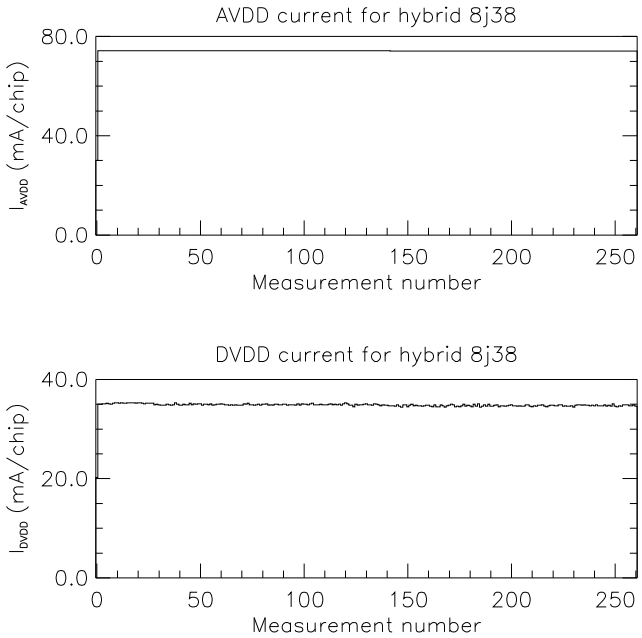
The following are histograms of the pedestal of each pipeline capacitor relative to the chip average (top); and the RMS noise of each capacitor (bottom):

Distribution of Pedestals and Noise





7 Currents

The following plots show the supply currents per chip as a function of measurment number. Currents are measured approximately every 10 minutes:

Supply Currents During Burn-in