Color Reconnection Systematics



This systematic uncertainty has not been included as yet, although we heard talks about this for many years now.

We are now trying to understand how to include it, with the help of our PYTHIA friends.

In recent months in CDF many samples have been generated and some effort is being made to study this effect.

We have a better understanding of the issues, but no concrete proposal on how to proceed yet.

Thanks to all that are contributing to this effort:

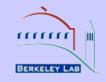
Sasha Golossanov, Nathan Goldschmidt

A. Castro, P. Lujan, P. Mehtala, Jian Tang, Marco Trovato, et al.

Top mass conveners, top conveners

Peter Skands for his availability and continuous help.

PYTHIA V6.416 versus V6.216



Our top mass measurements have been done using V6.216 (2003) Color reconnection effects are included in PYTHIA V6.416

Changes in V6.416

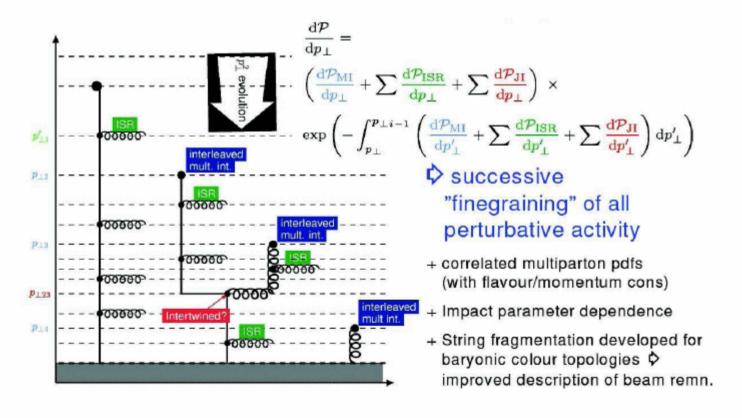
- Parton shower uses pt ordering rather then mass ordering
- Multiparton (MPI) interactions are now part of the parton shower
- ISR and FSR also uses PT ordering algorithm
- New model for beam renmants, including baryon junctions
- Model interleaves MPI process with ISR evolution off the hard process
- Color reconnection added with an "annealing model" by M. Sandhoff and P. Skands
 - P. Skands and D. Wicke hep-ph/0703081v1 (March 2007)
 - D. Wicke and P. Skands hep-ph/0807.3248 v1 (July 2008)
 - D. Wicke and P. Skands TOP08

New PYTHIA model (P. Skands etc)



Pythias Underlying Event Models

- Old: UE generated after the ISR is done, i.e. uncorrelated.
- New: Parton showers interleaved with UE. (Requires p_T ordered shower).



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Effects on top mass



The complete set of changes is included in tune S0 of PYTHIA V6.416

Wicke + Skands analysis (toy MC for top mass), conclude:

 $\Delta(m_{t}) \sim 0.7$ from new shower effects

~ 0.5 from color reconnection effects

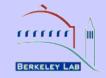
- Tune S0 includes systematics that we are already taking into account
- We (MTM3 as an example) have the following systematics:

generator: $\Delta(m_{_{\uparrow}}) = 0.51 + -0.37 \text{ GeV}$

ISR/FSR: $\Delta(m_{_{\uparrow}}) = 0.29 + -0.26 \text{ GeV}$

- Using V6.416 (S0) to estimate systematics should cover most of these systematics, in addition to color reconnection.
- We have to avoid double counting, so we should try to separate the two effects. Not clear how to do this.

MC studies of CR Effects



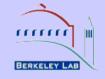
So far the model has been tuned on Minbias events

We need to look at other samples to see if the new model fits the data: dijet, gam+jet. Compare jet shapes with data.

In the mean time many of us are applying the top mass evaluate mass shifts obtained with machinary to the new samples. We are also looking at jets in top sample:s

- usual cuts: PT>20 GeV, jet corrected at L5
- P lot: fraction of $P_{\tau}(jet)/P_{\tau}(parton)$ in cone of DR=0.4
- DE (parton-jet at level 5)
- Compare old and new PYTHIA for jets from W-jets and bjets.
- V6.216 (tune A) and V6.416 (S0, tune ACR, NOCR)

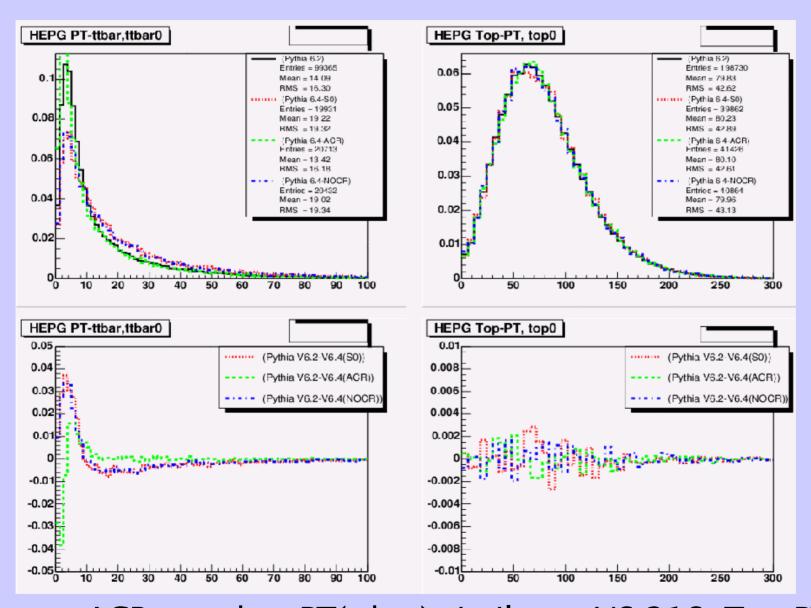
Procedures



- A. Given a MC sample, for each event we match the partons from top decays to the observed jets (Ntight = 4) We then know which jet is light quark jet and which ones are b-jets. We correct the jets at L5 (no out of cone cor.). To check if jet shapes have changed we do the following:
 - Compare Pt5/Pt0 and/or dE in cone of R=0.4
 - We calculate M(W) and M(top) using the matched jets
- B. We apply to each sample the top mass measurement analysis to obtain a mass and an uncertainty. Compare the values to estimate a systematics.

P_T(ttbar) and top P_T for 4 tunes

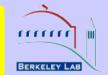


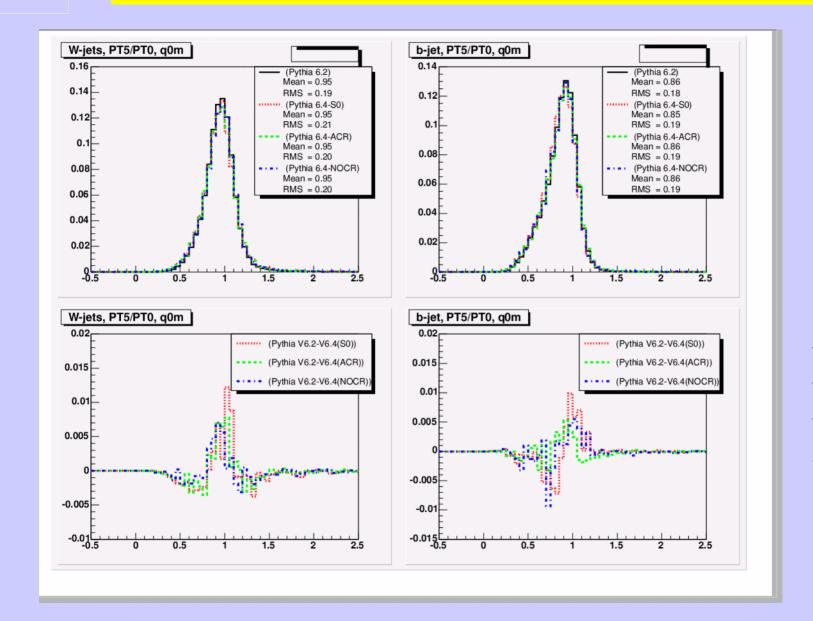


M=175 GeV V6.2 (tune A) V6.4 ACR V6.4 NOCR v6.4 S0

ACR case has PT(ttbar) similar to V6.216. Top PT not affected.

P_T(jet)/P_T(parton) for q and b jets

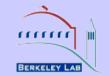


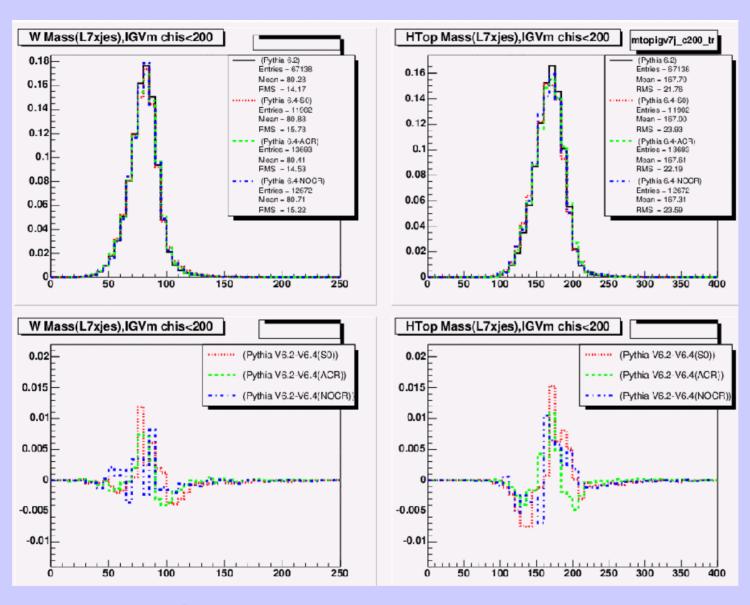


M=175GeV V6.2 (tune A) V6.4 ACR V6.4 NOCR v6.4 S0

Jets look wider for q-jets, shifted for b-jets

Reconstructed W and top mass at L7

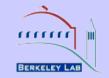




M=175 GeV V6.2 (tune A) V6.4 ACR V6.4 NOCR v6.4 S0

M(W) shifted by ~0.5 GeV, also M(top) shifted for S0

Comparison of A and B methods



We compare the results obtained with the two methods.

For the MC event matching method, we are only looking at the signal. The ME mass measurement method is applied only to the signal events for this comparison. The numbers in red show deviation of more then 2 sigmas.

	MC event matching		MTM3 Pseudo-Exp		
Sample	Δm_W	Δm_t	m_t	Δm_t	$\Delta_{ m JES}$
	(GeV/c^2)	$({ m GeV}/c^2)$	$({ m GeV}/c^2)$	$({ m GeV}/c^2)$	(σ)
	MC samples at M = 175 GeV/ c^2				
V6.2 (nominal) (ttkt75)	_	_	$175.27{\pm}0.21$	-	-0.12 ± 0.04
V6.4 tune A (otop3u)	$-0.28 {\pm} 0.13$	-0.10 ± 0.20	$175.88{\pm}0.28$	$+0.61 \pm 0.35$	$-0.31 {\pm} 0.06$
V6.4 ACR (otop3v)	$+0.33 {\pm} 0.12$	-0.01 ± 0.20	$174.99{\pm}0.28$	$-0.28 {\pm} 0.35$	$-0.03 {\pm} 0.06$
V6.4 NOCR (otop3w)	$+0.43 \pm 0.14$	$-0.29{\pm}0.21$	$174.46{\pm}0.31$	$-0.81 {\pm} 0.37$	-0.08 ± 0.06
V6.4 S0 (otop3t)	$+0.60 \pm 0.14$	$-0.60{\pm}0.22$	$174.61 {\pm} 0.30$	$-0.46 {\pm} 0.37$	$-0.11 {\pm} 0.06$

The ACR case seems to deviate the least from the nominal V6.2 case. This is expected as only the CR part has been changed.

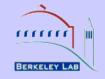
Top mass reconstruction studies



	MC samples at $M=175~GeV~L+JETS$					
Sample	m_t	Δm_t	$\Delta_{ m JES}$	m_t	Δm_t	$\Delta_{ m JES}$
	(GeV)	(GeV)	(σ)	(GeV)	(GeV)	(σ)
	Lepton+Jets, TMT			Lepton+Jets, MTM3		
V6.2 (nom)	$175.11 {\pm} 0.13$	_	0.020	$175.03{\pm}0.22$	-	$+0.01{\pm}0.05$
V6.4 tuneA	$175.35 {\pm} 0.24$	$+0.24{\pm}0.27$	0.047	$175.73{\pm}0.31$	$+0.73{\pm}0.42$	$-0.19{\pm}0.07$
V6.4 ACR	$174.63 {\pm} 0.24$	$-0.48{\pm}0.27$	0.047	$174.62 {\pm} 0.31$	$-0.38{\pm}0.42$	$+0.11{\pm}0.07$
V6.4 NOCR	$173.46 {\pm} 0.24$	$-1.65{\pm}0.27$	0.047	$174.11 {\pm} 0.35$	$-0.89{\pm}0.42$	$-0.05{\pm}0.07$
V6.4 S0	$173.78 {\pm} 0.22$	$-1.33{\pm}0.27$	0.047	$174.24{\pm}0.34$	$-0.76{\pm}0.43$	$+0.02{\pm}0.07$
	di-Lepton, TMT			All Hadronic, Hist		
V6.2 (nom)	$175.40{\pm}0.17$	_	0.020	$174.4{\pm}0.6$	-	$+0.07{\pm}0.06$
V6.4 tuneA	$175.19 {\pm} 0.42$	$-0.21 {\pm} 0.45$	0.047	$175.6 {\pm} 0.6$	$+1.2 {\pm}0.8$	$-0.12{\pm}0.06$
V6.4 ACR	$175.56 {\pm} 0.42$	$+0.16{\pm}0.45$	0.047	$176.1 {\pm} 0.7$	$+1.7{\pm}0.9$	$-0.17{\pm}0.07$
V6.4 NOCR	$176.32 {\pm} 0.42$	$+0.92{\pm}0.45$	0.047	$173.4 {\pm} 0.7$	$\textbf{-1.0} {\pm} \textbf{0.9}$	$+0.02{\pm}0.07$
V6.4 S0	$175.77{\pm}0.42$	$+0.37{\pm}0.45$	0.047	$173.9{\pm}0.7$	-0.5±0.9	$+0.10{\pm}0.07$

- ACR should be directly comparable to tune A, the difference being due to Color Reconnection.
- NOCR and S0 are expected to have larger ∆M

More studies



Using the 170 GeV samples in the di-lepton channel

From PE's:

Sample	Mtop (GeV/c²)	ΔM from nominal (GeV/c²)
ttkt70 (Nominal Pythia)	169.99 ± 0.30	
otopt0 (Pythia 6.216 Tune A)	170.32 ± 0.62	0.33 ± 0.69
otopt5 (Pythia 6.416 Tune A)	170.26 ± 0.62	0.27 ± 0.69
otopt6 (Pythia 6.416 Tune S0)	170.92 ± 0.34	0.93 ± 0.45
otopt7 (Pythia 6.416 Tune DW)	170.97 ± 0.64	0.98 ± 0.70

Consistent with previous results

Summary and Conclusions



- First studies indicate that jet shapes in PYTHIA V6.416 are different from those in V6.216, as expected.
- Planning to compare the new PYTHIA with di-jet and gam+jet data, to see if it fits the data.
- Using ACR to evaluate the systematics could be the simpler thing to do, but we have to look at di-jet and gamjet data to see if Acr fits the jet shapes

Color Reconnection Studies



Backup slides

Color reconnection in PYTHIA



Current Tunes

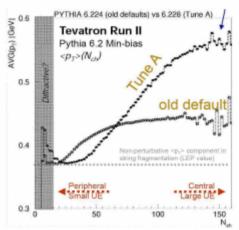
Tuning to min. bias data gave significant improvements

Several pythia tunes to min. bias data available

Tune A, Tune DW, Tune BW, ... (Rick Field)

These implicitly allow CR within UE to a high level:

PARP(85) $0.33 \rightarrow 1.0$ Prob. for MPI w/ colour connection PARP(86) $0.66 \rightarrow 1.0$ to neighbours/ closed loop



Colour Reconnection

Is the colour-flow of the hard interaction preserved?

Proton remnants provide lots of (soft) gluons to interact with.

Most models were only available for $e^+e^- \to WW$

New Models by M. Sandhoff and P. Skands in Pythia 6.326+ Alternative models by Uppsala group / Webber not yet explored in this context.

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Color reconnection in PYTHIA V6.4



New CR Models: Colour Annealing

Allow CR also within the hard interaction.

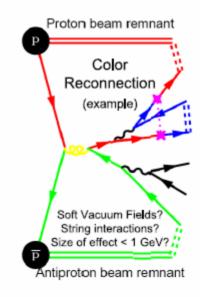
At hadronisation strings pieces may reconnect

$$P_{\text{reconnect}} = 1 - (1 - \chi)^n$$

 χ — strength parameter

n — number of interactions (counts number of possible interactions)

- New connection chosen to minimise string length,
 i.e. minimise potential energy in strings
- Model variations: S0, S1, S2
 differ in suppression of gluon only string loops



These models of colour reconnection are applicable to any final state.

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